32.54. Model: Assume that the wire is infinitely long. **Visualize:** Please refer to Figure P32.54. The wire, looped as it is, consists of a circular part and a linear part.

Solve: Using Equation 32.7 and Example 32.3, the magnetic field at P is

$$B_{\rm p} = B_{\rm loop \, center} + B_{\rm wire} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R} + \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R}$$

$$= \frac{4\pi (10^{-7} \, \text{T m / A})(5.0 \, \text{A})}{2(0.01 \, \text{m})} + \frac{4\pi (10^{-7} \, \text{T m / A})(5.0 \, \text{A})}{2\pi (0.01 \, \text{m})} = 4.1 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{T}$$